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United States Patent [19][11] **Patent Number:** **5,247,438**

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[45] **Date of Patent:** **Sep. 21, 1993**[54] **PERSONAL TIME MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND METHOD**[75] **Inventors:** Sean S. Subas, Kensington; Robert Fukuda, El Sobrante, both of Calif.[73] **Assignee:** Infoassist, Inc., Kensington, Calif.[21] **Appl. No.:** 859,980[22] **Filed:** Mar. 30, 1992[51] **Int. Cl.⁵** G06F 15/38; G06G 7/60[52] **U.S. Cl.** 364/400[58] **Field of Search** 364/401, 419, 705.07, 364/705.08, 402; 340/722[56] **References Cited****U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

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Primary Examiner—Roy N. Envall, Jr.*Assistant Examiner*—Ari Bai*Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Donald L. Beeson

[57]

ABSTRACT

A personal time management system includes a computer device having a display screen on which is generated a primary visual display comprised of individual event time bars and a composite conflict time bar. The event time bars graphically display times for scheduled events by means of visual markers occupying one or more slot times on selected time bars. The composite conflicts time bar simultaneously displays all the visual markers of the event time bars so as to provide a positive indication of a conflict. The visual markers representing scheduled events can readily be placed and removed directly on the primary visual display by one or two clicks of a mouse on a selected event time bar. Events can thereby be scheduled and rescheduled without the need to pull up and enter information on a secondary screen display.

10 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets